	14		
1			
2	Attorney General of California LINDA K. SCHNEIDER		
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARICHELLE S. TAHIMIC		
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 147392		
5	110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101	•	
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266		
7	Telephone: (619) 645-3154 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061		
8	Attorneys for Complainant	,	
9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING		
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11	STATE OF	1	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 2009-280	
13	L'DICTELLA VIDA MUCTO, D.N.		
13	KRISTI LAURA HUTTO, R.N. 2029 Felspar Street	DEFAULT DECISION AND ORDER	
	San Diego, California 92109		
15	Registered Nurse License No. 637926	[Gov. Code, §11520]	
16	Respondent.		
17			
18			
19	<u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>		
20	1. On or about April 28, 2009, Complainant Ruth Ann Terry, M.P.H., R.N., in her		
21	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Department of		
22	Consumer Affairs, filed Accusation No. 2009-280 against Kristi Laura Hutto, RN (Respondent)		
.23	before the Board of Registered Nursing.		
24	2. On or about May 28, 2004, the Board of Registered Nursing (Board) issued registered		
25	nurse license No. 637926 to Respondent. The registered nurse license was in full force and effect		
26	at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on October 31, 2009, unless		
27	renewed.		
28	///		
li li			

///

3. On or about May 28, 2009, Rosita Donovan, an employee of the Department of Justice, served by Certified and First Class Mail a copy of Accusation No. 2009-280, Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7 to Respondent's address of record with the Board, which was and is: 2029 Felspar Street, San Diego, CA 92109.

A copy of the Accusation is attached as exhibit A, and is incorporated herein by reference.

4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c).

On or about June 18, 2009, the aforementioned documents were returned by the U.S. Postal Service marked "Unclaimed."

- 5. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
- "(c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing."

Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. 2009-280.

- 6. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent."
- 7. Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds Respondent is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on the evidence on file herein, finds that the allegations in Accusation No. 2009-280 are true.
- 8. The total costs for investigation and enforcement in connection with the Accusation are \$3,018.00 as of June 29, 2009? 64 /; , ,

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

26 27

28

#### **DETERMINATION OF ISSUES**

- Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Kristi Laura Hutto, RN has 1. subjected her registered nurse No. 637926 to discipline.
  - 2. A copy of the Accusation is attached.
  - 3. The agency has jurisdiction to adjudicate this case by default.
- 4. The Board of Registered Nursing is authorized to revoke Respondent's registered nurse license based upon the following violations alleged in the Accusation:
- a. Business and Professions Code section 490 and 2761(f) - conviction of a crime involving consumption of alcohol on August 16, 2006 in People v. Kristi Hutto, San Diego Superior Court Case NO. M980150, that is substantially related to her qualifications, functions and duties as a registered nurse;
- b. Business and Professions Code section 2762(b) – unprofessional conduct in the use of alcoholic beverages to an extent or in a manner that is dangerous or injurious to herself or the public;
- c. Business and Professions Code section 2762(c) – unprofessional conduct in that Respondent was convicted on August 16, 2006 of driving under the influence of alcohol;
- d. Business and Professions Code section 2761(a)(4) – unprofessional conduct in that Respondent was disciplined by the Massachusetts Board of Registered Nursing in April, 2008;
- e. Business and Professions Code section 2762(e) – unprofessional conduct in the falsification or the making of grossly incorrect, inconsistent or unintelligible entries in hospital records while employed as a registered nurse at Sharp Memorial Hospital in San Diego;
- f. Business and Professions Code section 2762(a) - obtained or possessed controlled substances in violation of Code section 4060 and Health and Safety Code section 11173(a) while employed as a registered nurse by American Mobile Healthcare and on duty at Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston, Massachusetts;
- Business and Professions Code section 2762(a) obtained or possessed controlled g. substances in violation of Health and Safety Code 11173(a) while on duty as a registered nurse at Sharp Memorial Hospital in San Diego;

- h. Business and Professions Code section 2762(a) obtained or possessed controlled substances in violation of Code section 4060 and Health and Safety Code section 11173(a) while employed as a registry nurse by Health Source Global Staffing, San Francisco, California and assigned to work at UMass Memorial Medical Center in Worchester, Massachusetts;
- i. Business and Professions Code section 2762(a) obtained or possessed controlled substances while employed as a registry nurse by MedStaff Healthcare Solutions and assigned to work at Long Beach Memorial Hospital;
- j. Business and Professions Code section 2762(a) arrested for possession of controlled substances in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350 while employed as a registry nurse by HRN Services, Inc. and assigned to work at UCLA Medical Center, Los Angeles, California.

#### <u>ORDER</u>

IT IS SO ORDERED that registered nurse license No. 637926, heretofore issued to Respondent Kristi Laura Hutto, R.N., is revoked.

Pursuant to Government Code section 11520, subdivision (c), Respondent may serve a written motion requesting that the Decision be vacated and stating the grounds relied on within seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute.

This Decision shall become effective on December 10, 2009.

It is so ORDERED NOVEMBAR 10, 2009

FOR THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS

80374908.DOC DOJ docket number:SD2008802562

Attachment: Exhibit A- Accusation No.2009-280

Exhibit A
Accusation No. 2009-280

1 2 3 4 5	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General of the State of California LINDA K. SCHNEIDER Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARICHELLE S. TAHIMIC, State Bar Number 147392 Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101			
6 7	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 645-3154 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061			
8 9	Attorneys for Complainant			
10	BEFORE THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING			
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
12		Case No. 2009-280		
13·	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. Zoo ( Z B o		
14 15	KRISTI LAURA HUTTO 2029 Felspar Street San Diego, California 92109	ACCUSATION		
16	Registered Nurse License No. 637926			
17	Respondent.			
18				
19	Ruth Ann Terry, M.P.H., R.N. ("Complainant") alleges:			
20	<u>PARTIES</u>			
21	1 Complainant brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the			
22	Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing ("Board") Department of Consumer			
23	Affairs.			
24	Registered Nurse License			
25	2. On or about May 28, 2004, the Board issued Registered Nurse License			
26	Number 637926 to Kristi Laura Hutto ("Respondent"). The registered nurse license will expire			
27	on October 31, 2009, unless renewed.			
28	///			
- 1				

l	<u>JURISDICTION</u>	
2	3. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code ("Code") provides, in	
3	pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a	
4	temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with Code	
5	section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.	
6	4. Code section 2764 provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a	
7	license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding	
8	against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license. Under Code	
9	section 2811, subdivision (b), the Board may renew an expired license at any time within eight	
0	years after the expiration.	
]	STATUTORY PROVISIONS AND REGULATIONS	

5. Code section 2761 states, in pertinent part:

The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- (a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- (4) Denial of licensure, revocation, suspension, restriction, or any other disciplinary action against a health care professional license or certificate by another state or territory of the United States, by any other government agency, or by another California health care professional licensing board. A certified copy of the decision or judgment shall be conclusive evidence of that action.
- (f) Conviction of a felony or of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered nurse, in which event the record of the conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof.
  - Code section 2762 states, in pertinent part: 6.

In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Nursing Practice Act], it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

(a) Obtain or possess in violation of law, or prescribe, or except as directed by a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, or podiatrist administer to himself or herself, or furnish or administer to another, any controlled substance as

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022.

- (b) Use any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code, or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022, or alcoholic beverages, to an extent or in a manner dangerous or injurious to himself or herself, any other person, or the public or to the extent that such use impairs his or her ability to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by his or her license.
- (c) Be convicted of a criminal offense involving the prescription, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances described in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section, or the possession of, or falsification of a record pertaining to, the substances described in subdivision (a) of this section, in which event the record of the conviction is conclusive evidence thereof.
- (e) Falsify, or make grossly incorrect, grossly inconsistent, or unintelligible entries in any hospital, patient, or other record pertaining to the substances described in subdivision (a) of this section.
  - 7. Code section 4060 states, in pertinent part:

No person shall possess any controlled substances, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor....

- 8. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
  - 9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1444, states:

A conviction or act shall be considered to be substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a registered nurse if to a substantial degree it evidences the present or potential unfitness of a registered nurse to practice in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. Such convictions or acts shall include but not be limited to the following:

- a) Assaultive or abusive conduct including, but not limited to, those violations listed in subdivision (d) of Penal Code Section 11160.
  - (b) Failure to comply with any mandatory reporting requirements.
  - (c) Theft, dishonesty, fraud, or deceit.
- (d) Any conviction or act subject to an order of registration pursuant to Section 290 of the Penal Code.

"Fentanyl" is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (c)(8), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022 in that under federal or state law it requires a prescription.

"Hydrocodone" is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055(b)(1)(J), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Hydrocodone is a narcotic pain reliever.

"Hydromorphone", sold under the brand name Dilaudid, is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(K) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Hydromorphone is used to treat moderate to severe pain.

"Lorazepam", sold under the brand name Ativan, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(16), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Lorazepam is used in the treatment of anxiety disorders and for short-term (up to 4 months) relief of the symptoms of anxiety.

"Morphine" is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022 in that under federal or state law it requires a prescription.

"Oxycodone", sold under the brand name OxyContin, is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(N), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

"Restoril," a brand of temazepam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance, as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(29), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022 in that under federal or state law it requires a prescription.

"Valium," a brand of diazepam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(8), and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022 in that under federal or state law it requires a prescription.

1///

28 ///

"Vicodin" is a compound consisting of 5 mg. hydrocodone bitartrate also known as dihydrocodeinone, a Schedule III controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(4), and 500 mg. acetaminophene per tablet, and a dangerous drug under Code section 4022 in that under federal or state law it requires a prescription.

#### FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(August 16, 2006 Criminal Conviction for DUI on March 27, 2006)

- 14. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code sections 490 and 2761(f) for conviction of a crime involving consumption of alcohol and that is substantially related to her qualifications, functions and duties of a registered nurse in that on August 16, 2006, in the Superior Court, County of San Diego, California, in the matter entitled *People vs. Kristi Hutto*, San Diego Superior Court Case No. M980150, Respondent was convicted following her plea of no contest to violation of Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (a) (driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or a drug or under their combined influence), a misdemeanor.
- San Diego Police Officer responded to a call regarding an automobile accident at Fanuel Street and Garnet Avenue in San Diego. When the officer arrived at the scene, Respondent identified herself as the driver of one of the two vehicles involved in the accident. Respondent was not able to find her driver's license. As she continued looking, Respondent swayed back and forth. The officer smelled alcohol on her breath. Respondent was not able to successfully complete the horizontal nystagmus test or the heel-to-toe test. Before the officer administered the one leg stand, and after explaining the test to Respondent, she stated she couldn't do it and said "just take me." Respondent refused to answer any questions about the accident but said, "I already told you I am trashed. I am going to jail. I don't want to hear these questions." At the police station, she submitted to breath tests with the following results: .25% and .24%. Respondent was charged with driving under the influence of alcohol (Vehicle Code section 23152(a)) and driving under the influence of alcohol with a blood alcohol content of .08% or greater (Vehicle Code section 23152(b)).

16. On August 16, 2006, Respondent pled no content to the first charge and the second charge was dismissed. She was sentenced to summary probation and ordered to serve 10 days in a public service work program, required to pay \$1,756 in fines and complete a First Conviction Program.

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct Involving Use of Alcoholic Beverages)

17. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code section 2762(b) in that Respondent used alcoholic beverages, to an extent or in a manner dangerous or injurious to herself or the public, as more particularly set forth in paragraph 15, above.

#### THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### (Unprofessional Conduct Regarding Conviction Involving Consumption of Alcohol)

18. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code section 2762(c) in that on August 16, 2006, Respondent was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, as more particularly set forth in paragraph 15, above.

#### FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### (Out-of-State Discipline)

- 19. Respondent's license is subject to discipline under Code section 2761(a)(4) on the grounds of unprofessional conduct in that Respondent was disciplined by the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Nursing ("Massachusetts Board") in or about April, 2008. The circumstances are as follows.
- RN License No. 255802. On or about January, 2008, Respondent signed a Consent Agreement for Hold and Contingent Surrender of her registered nurse license in Case Nos. RN-06-045 and RN-07-178 ("Consent Agreement) filed by the Massachusetts Board, attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by reference. Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, Respondent agreed to apply for admission to the Massachusetts Board's Substance Abuse Rehabilitation Program ("SARP") within ninety (90) days of the effective date of the Consent Agreement on January 10, 2008. According to the Consent Agreement, the basis for discipline was as follows:

a. In or about June 2005, Respondent was employed as a registered nurse by American Mobile Healthcare and working at Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston, Massachusetts. At that time and on numerous occasions, Respondent failed to maintain the security of controlled substances that were under her responsibility and control; unlawfully obtained and possessed controlled substances; failed to document the handling, administration, and destruction of controlled substances in accordance with all federal and state laws and regulations, and in a manner consistent with accepted standards of nursing practice; and, diverted the controlled substances for her own use.

b. In or about February-March 2007, Respondent was employed as a registry nurse by Health Source Global Staffing in San Francisco, California and assigned to work at UMass Memorial Medical Center in Worchester, Massachusetts. At that time and on numerous occasions, Respondent failed to maintain the security of controlled substances that were under her responsibility and control; unlawfully obtained and possessed controlled substances; failed to document the handling, administration, and destruction of controlled substances in accordance with all federal and state laws and regulations, and in a manner consistent with accepted standards of nursing practice; and, diverted the controlled substances for her own use.

21. According to the Consent Agreement, Exhibit "A", Respondent's Massachusetts RN License No. 255802 was placed on Voluntary Surrender status for a minimum of three (3) years effective April 9, 2008. The basis for this discipline was that Respondent was terminated or withdrawn from the Massachusetts Board's SARP program.

#### FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### (Falsify Patient and/or Hospital Records)

22. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code section 2762(e) on the grounds of unprofessional conduct in that between April 17, 2006 and May 16, 2006, while on duty as a registered nurse at Sharp Memorial Hospital, San Diego, California, Respondent falsified or made grossly incorrect, inconsistent, or unintelligible entries in the following hospital and patient records:

#### Patient A

a. On May 2, 2006, at 0812 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital records or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient B

- b. On May 2, 2006, at 1830 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient and charted the administration of 1 mg of hydromorphone in the nursing notes; however, Respondent failed to chart the wastage of the remaining 1 mg of Hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.
- c. On May 2, 2006, at 2107 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient, charted the administration of 1 mg of hydromorphone in the nursing notes; however, Respondent failed to chart the wastage of the remaining 1 mg of hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.
- d. On May 5, 2006, at 1543 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient C

e. On May 4, 2006, at 1519 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 tablets of hydrocodone 5/500 from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydrocodone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient D

f. On May 10, 2006, at 0811 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System when there was no physician's order for this drug.

Respondent failed to chart the wastage of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

g. On May 10, 2006, at 1234 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 tablets of oxycodone 5/325 from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the oxycodone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patien<u>t E</u>

- h. On May 4, 2006, at 2009 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.
- i. On May 12, 2006, at 1402 hours, Respondent withdrew a 50 mcg Fentanyl patch from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of the Fentanyl patch in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.
- j. On May 12, 2006, at 1536 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient F

k. On April 24, 2006, at 1125 hours, Respondent withdrew 10 mg of morphine from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the morphine in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient G

1. On May 1, 2006, at 1408 hours, Respondent withdrew 10 mg of morphine from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or

wastage of any portion of the morphine in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for 1 the disposition of the drug. 2 Patient H 3 On May 4, 2006, at 0954 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of m. 4 hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the 5 administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record 6 or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug. 7 Patient I 8 On April 27, 2006, at 1749 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of 9 n. lorazepam from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the 10 administration or wastage of any portion of the lorazepam in the patient or hospital record or 11 otherwise account for the disposition of the drug. 12 Patient J 13 On May 4, 2006, at 1452 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of 14 0. hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the 15 administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record 16 or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug. 17 Patient K 18 On May 14, 2006, at 2359 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of 19 p. hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the 20 administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record 21 or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug. 22 On May 16, 2006, at 1254 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of 23 q. hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the 24 administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record 25 or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug. 26 27 1// 1// 28

#### Patient L

r. On April 26, 2006, at 1304 hours, Respondent withdrew 10 mg of morphine from the Pyxis System for this patient, charted the administration of 4 mg of morphine in the nursing notes; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of the remaining 6 mg of morphine in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient M

s. On May 15, 2006, at 0047 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient N

t. On April 17, 2006, at 2024 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient O

u. On April 24, 2006, at 2042 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the administration or wastage of any portion of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.

#### Patient P

- v. On May 5, 2006, at 1856 hours, Respondent withdrew 2 mg of hydromorphone from the Pyxis System when there was no physician's order for this drug. Respondent failed to chart the wastage of the hydromorphone in the patient or hospital record or otherwise account for the disposition of the drug.
- w. On May 11, 2006, at 1832 hours, Respondent withdrew 10 mg of Diazepam from the Pyxis System for this patient; however, Respondent failed to chart the

## 

# 

# 

# 

## 

# 

#### 

#### 

#### 

#### 

## 

# 

## 

# 

# 

## 

#### 

### 

# 

# 

# 

## 

#### 

#### SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

### (Obtained and Possessed Controlled Substances in Violation of Law at Sharp Memorial)

Respondent obtained or possessed controlled substances in violation of law in that between April 17, 2006 and May 16, 2006, while on duty as a registered nurse at Sharp Memorial Hospital, San Diego, California, Respondent obtained the controlled substances hydromorphone, morphine, hydrocodone, oxycodone, Fentanyl, lorazepam, and diazepam by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation or subterfuge by taking the drugs from hospital supplies in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a), as more fully set forth in paragraph 21, above.

#### EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Obtained and Possessed Controlled Substances in Violation of Law at UMass Memorial Medical Center)

Respondent, by her own admission in the Consent Agreement (Exhibit A), obtained or possessed controlled substances in violation of law in that between February and March 2007, while employed as a registry nurse by Health Source Global Staffing, San Francisco, California and assigned to work at UMass Memorial Medical Center, Worchester, Massachusetts, Respondent obtained and possessed controlled substances by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation or subterfuge by taking the drugs from hospital supplies in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a) and Code section 4060.

#### NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Obtained or Possessed Controlled Substances in Violation of Law at Long Beach Memorial)

Respondent is subject to discipline under Code section 2762(a) in that Respondent obtained or possessed controlled substances in violation of law while employed as a registry nurse by MedStaff Healthcare Solutions and assigned to work at Long Beach Memorial Hospital between April 16, 2007 and June 27, 2007.

- On June 27, 2007, F.D., the RN Assistant Unit Manager at Long Beach Memorial Hospital noticed that Respondent withdrew Dilaudid from the Pyxis machine for a patient who did not have Dilaudid ordered. Later that day, F.D. observed that Respondent withdrew Dilaudid, and other drugs, for a different patient, again without physician's orders for Dilaudid. Further investigation revealed that 12 Dilaudid carpujects were removed from the Pyxis machine by Respondent that morning without physicians orders. The patient charts for the three patients for whom Respondent claimed she withdrew Dilaudid did not show that Dilaudid was administered.
- 28. C.J., the RN Assistant Unit Manager, reported that there was a recent change in Respondent's behavior. She was "fidgety" and "twitchy", constantly moving her shoulders and taking her hair clip out and putting it back in. She exhibited rapid speech one moment and then a few hours later, her speech became slow, and almost slurred.
- 29. When confronted by F.D. and C.J. about her behavior and multiple Dilaudid withdrawals, Respondent explained that she was under a lot of stress, that her commute was difficult and that her father was ill. She explained that she withdrew Dilaudid in anticipation of procedures for the three patients but the procedures did not proceed so she wasted the Dilaudid. She denied a drug problem and refused help to access the Board's Diversion Program. Respondent was asked not to return to her assignment.
- 30. A subsequent investigation on June 28, 2007 revealed that Respondent withdrew 518 schedule II drugs from April 16, 2007 until June 27, 2007. Out of 2,331 people who withdrew drugs from the Pyxix machine, Respondent withdrew the most. The mean was 27 withdrawals. The Pyxis reports showed that Respondent withdrew schedule II controlled substances when she was not scheduled to be on duty and without a patient assignment.

#### TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

### (Possessed Controlled Substances in Violation of Law at UCLA)

31. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code section 2762(a) in that on September 29, 2007, Respondent was arrested by the UCLA Police for possession of controlled substances in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350.

22 : 23 :

- September 25<sup>th</sup> through September 29th, Respondent was employed by HRN Services, Inc. and was working at UCLA Medical Center, Los Angeles, California as a temporary nurse. On September 28, 2007, P.G., a registered nurse on duty, found a vial of Dilaudid in a plastic sleeve in a basket near a hospital bed where Respondent was working the previous night. Later that day, P.G. saw Respondent at the Pyxis machine with three glass vials of Dilaudid in her hand between her fingers, similar to the way a cigarette would be held. Because it was unusual for a registered nurse to be removing multiple vials of narcotics at one time, P.G. notified B.M., the Unit Director for the Department of Operating Room Services at UCLA,
- 33. On September 29, 2007, C.D., the charge nurse at the Border Care Unit saw Respondent standing by the Pyxix machine holding two vials of an unknown narcotic after the end of her shift. When C.D. asked Respondent what she was still doing there, Respondent stated she was waiting to give a patient report to another nurse. When asked why she was getting drugs, Respondent stated she was helping another nurse and walked away. B.M. was informed that Respondent was acting suspiciously and was loitering around the Pyxis machine after the end of her shift. When, B.M. approached Respondent, Respondent immediately said, "I didn't steal any medications." Respondent's speech was slurred and she appeared dazed. B.M. and C.D. detained Respondent until the UCLA Police arrived.
- 34. During Respondent's interview with the UCLA Police, she admitted she had taken Dilaudid from the Pyxis machine for a patient; the Diluadid had been ordered for the patient but not yet prescribed and put on the chart. However, she denied having any drugs in her possession. Respondent admitted later that she had Dilaudid in her bag. The officer searched Respondent's bag and found four tubes of hydromorphone, a Temazepam capsule, a used syringe and an empty hydromorphone tube. Respondent stated she was not addicted to drugs and she did not know why she took them. Respondent was arrested on September 29, 2007 for possession of a controlled substance.
- 35. The police officers conducted a search of Respondent's vehicle after receiving her consent. They found six hydrocodone bitartrate tablets, two oxycodone

///

Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. 3. RUTH ANN TERRY, M.P.H., R.N. Executive Officer
Board of Registered Nursing
Department of Consumer Affairs
State of California Complainant 03579110SD2008802562 80353720.wpd (3/23/09)